

## **Lesson 1**

### **Jude 1-25**

#### **• Questions**

1. How did Jude describe himself (verse 1)?
  
2. How did Jude describe his readers (verse 1)?
  
3. What blessing did Jude desire for his readers (verse 2)?
  
4. What urgent exhortation did Jude give his readers (verse 3)?
  
5. Why did Jude give this urgent exhortation (verse 4)?
  
6. What did Jude want his readers to remember concerning the Israelites (verse 5)?
  
7. What did Jude want his readers to remember concerning angels (verse 6)?
  
8. What did Jude want his readers to remember concerning Sodom and Gomorrah (verse 7)?
  
9. How did these ungodly men act differently from Michael the archangel (verses 8-10)?
  
10. What three Old Testament characters are these ungodly men like (verse 11)?

11. What are the six figures that Jude used to describe these ungodly men (verses 12-13)?
12. What did Enoch prophesy concerning these ungodly men (verses 14-15)?
13. What further description did Jude give concerning these ungodly men (verse 16)?
14. What words did Jude want his readers to remember (verse 17)?
15. How did Jude describe these ungodly mockers (verses 18-19)?
16. What did Jude call upon his readers to do to protect themselves (verses 20-21)?
17. What did Jude call upon his readers to do for the spiritually lost (verses 22-23)?
18. What is God able to do for brethren who face ungodly men (verse 24)?
19. What praise did Jude give to God (verse 25)?

• **Digging Deeper**

1. Who were Jude and James and were they related to Jesus (verse 1)?
2. What other New Testament book is Jude similar to?

3. What do the following mean: “common”, “contend”, “the faith”, and “once” (verse 3)?

4. What does “lasciviousness” mean (verse 4)?

5. What particular kind of “fornication” is Jude describing in verse 7?

6. Who was Michael the archangel (verse 9)?

7. Where in the OT are the stories of Cain, Balaam, and Korah told, and what in particular are their sins (verse 11)?

8. What were “love-feasts” (verse 12; see also 2 Pet. 2:13)?

9. Who was Enoch and where in the OT and NT is he mentioned (verse 14)?

### • **Applications for Today**

1. Christians are beloved (verses 1-2, 3, 17, and 20). How are the “beloved in God” to act (Eph. 5:1)? What are the beloved to do with other Christians (1 Jn. 4:11)? What spiritual qualities are the beloved to have (Col. 3:12; 4:9)?

2. Christians share in a common salvation (verse 3). What else do Christians have in common (Tit. 1:4)?

3. Christians must contend (fight) earnestly for “the faith” because of false teachers in the world (verses 3-4). What other things must Christians do with “the faith” that takes spiritual strength and maturity (1 Cor. 16:13; Phil. 1:27; 1 Tim. 6:12; 2 Tim. 4:7)? What can happen to a Christian who will not contend earnestly for “the faith” (1 Tim. 1:19; 4:1; 6:21)?
4. The faith (the NT gospel) was delivered “once for all” (ASV) time (verse 3). There are no latter-day revelations as some religions claim. What else has taken place “once” (Heb. 9:26-28; 1 Pet. 3:18)?
5. Christians should constantly realize and remember that God will destroy, judge, and punish all who disobey him (verses 5 and 17). What does God remember about those who disobey him (Rev. 16:19; 18:5)?
6. Ungodly individuals can come in among Christians and lead them away from Christ (verses 8-19). What can an ungodly individual do to a Christian or a local church (2 Tim. 2:17-18; Tit. 1:11; 2 Pet. 2:18; Rev. 2:20)? What does Peter say will happen to ungodly individuals (2 Pet. 3:7)?
7. Christians can build up their faith through prayer, love, and mercy (verses 20-21). What other things do Christians have to build up their faith (Acts 20:32; Eph. 4:11-12; Col. 2:6-7; 1 Thess. 5:11)?
8. Christians should try to do what they can to save the lost (verses 22-23). What can Christians do to save lost Christians (Mt. 18:15-17; 1 Cor. 5: 9-13; Gal. 6:1-2; 2 Thess. 3:14; Jas. 5:19-20; 1 Jn. 5:16)? What can Christians do to save lost non-Christians (Acts 8:4; Rom. 10:1)?
9. God can guard Christians from stumbling if they will do their part (verse 20) and if they will let God guard them (verses 24-25). What must accompany God’s power in order to be guarded by God (1 Pet. 1:5)?